

GILBERTO BONIPERTI

COLLINE NOVARESI 'FAVOLALUNGA'

ORIGIN

Italy, Piedmont, Fara

WINE TYPE & VARIETIES

Still dry red, Vespolina

SOIL

Various sand and clay

AGE OF VINES

Around 15-20 years old

VITICULTURE

Organic

VINIFICATION

Each vintage is hand picked during the last week of September. The grapes are de-stemmed and gently mashed. Fermentation occurs in steel barrels, with 10 days of skin maceration. Malolactic fermentation occurs in steel as well. The wine rests in steel tanks for the first 6 months and in bottle for 4 months after bottling

Fara's Sean Connery.

After studying oenology, Gilberto did internships in various companies, from Bolgheri to Piedmont, and he was convinced that this was his path and he wanted to make his wine, not the wine of others: in 2003 he planted the first vineyard and in 2008 was his first vintage. Gilberto Boniperti has 3,5 hectares of owned land; 4 vineyards situated at 250 m asl and bordered within a small area of about 4 square kilometers. "When you don't know what to do, just go to the vineyard, there is always something to do there!", he says.

His grandfather used to repeat this over and over again when Gilberto was a little boy, and he could never imagined that it would become one of his greatest advices, one of the basic concepts of Gilbertos work and life philosophy: full dedication to the vineyards, many hours of manual work, painstaking care for details in following the wine-making process and last but not least the patient wait for the slow and vital ripening of his wines.

The planted red vines all typical for the area - Vespolina, a small patch of Barbera and of course Nebbiolo. The average planting density is just over 4000 vines per hectare; the choice of low yields, hand picking with small crates only when the grapes reach the right level of ripening are just a few of the factors contributing to obtain wines of superior quality.

After bottling, wine rests in special baskets for at least 4 months: where it undergoes the final and most important refining. The great care we dedicate to the entire wine-making process enables us to avoid operations that may impoverish wine, and limit the addition of antioxidants, thus preventing undesired contaminations.

Ian d'Agata, in his authoritative book Native Wine Grapes of Italy, Vespolina is described as "one of Italy's best native grape varieties" and this part of northern Piedmont is its home. Medium red, not that different in color from Nebbiolo, of which it is a relative; spicy aroma and flavor (cinnamon, black pepper), cedar/sandalwood, red-fruited, mid-weight, really useful table wine.



VIN

EST. 2012